DEA National Electricity Grid Infrastructure SEA

The identification of suitable routing corridors for the efficient and effective expansion of Electricity Grid Infrastructure (EGI)

GAUTENG, LIMPOPO AND MPUMALANGA PROVINCES









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Meeting Objectives

- Inform provincial government on the national electricity grid infrastructure strategic environmental assessment process;
- Consult on the location of preliminary corridors;
- Consult on environmental and engineering sensitivities identified within the corridors;
- Identify what additional information (e.g. SDFs, EMFs, IDPs) should be taken into consideration when considering electricity grid infrastructure development within the province.



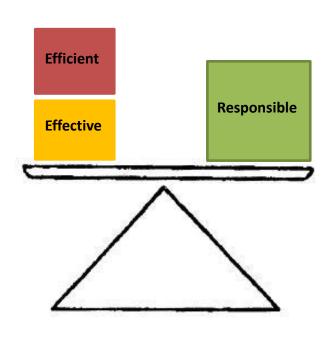






Vision and Objectives of SEA

<u>Vision</u> for the SEA: Strategic electrical grid infrastructure is expanded in an environmentally responsible and <u>efficient</u> manner that responds <u>effectively</u> to the country's economic and social development needs.



Objectives of the SEA:

- Identify <u>strategic corridors</u> for future Electrical Grid Infrastructure (EGI) expansion.
- Determine <u>high level suitability</u> from an environmental, economic and social perspective.
- <u>Streamline the authorisation process</u> for EGI within the corridors.
- Enable Eskom greater flexibility when undertaking land negotiation.
- Enable upfront strategic investment
- Promote collaborative governance between authorising authorities.
- Develop a site specific development protocol.









SEA Objective: Legal context

- SEA not taking away the need for Environmental Authorisation i.e.
 NOT 'delisting' activities using Section 24A of NEMA
- SEA will not lead to a new process, rather keep to existing process (i.e. BA) but adapt.
- EIA regs will be modified to allow for certain listed activities in certain areas to be authorised through an 'adapted' BA process, provided there has been some form of pre-assessment undertaken.
- Level of BA assessment can either be more or less comprehensive than current process depending on the area selected for development.







Approach to SEA

- No single approach to SEA can be applied to all circumstances
- Set of common principles for the application of SEA (Guideline Document: Strategic Environmental Assessment in South Africa, DEAT and CSIR, 2000)

Content		Pı	Process	
•	Sustainability	•	Flexible	
•	Opportunities and constraints	•	Strategic	
•	Levels of environmental quality	•	Participative	
		•	Alternatives	
		•	Precaution and continuous improvement	

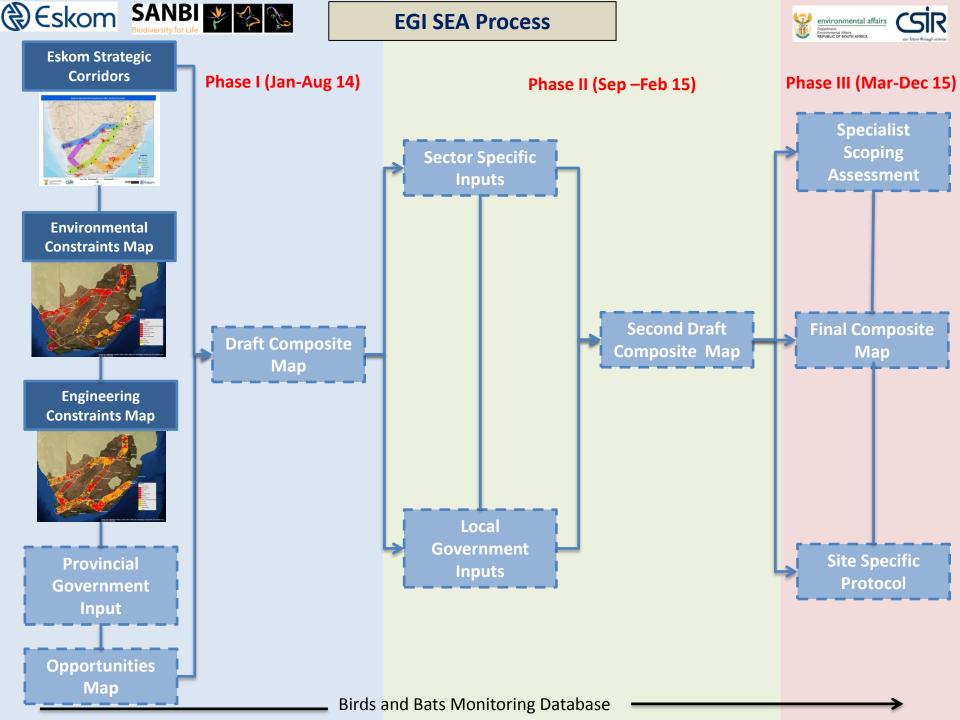
- Three broad categories of SEA:
 - Policy SEA
 - Spatial plan and regional SEA
 - Sector plan and programme SEA







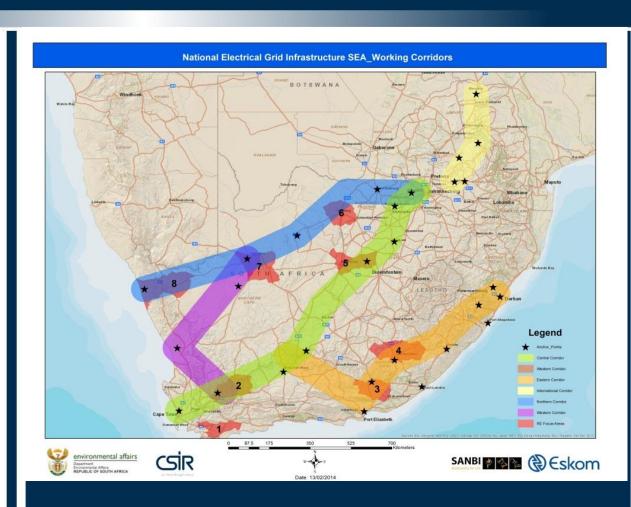




Eskom Strategic Corridors

- Defined according to future generation and load balance scenarios;
- Three scenarios considered:
 - IRP
 - Increased renewable
 - Increased import
- 5 x Transmission corridors identified by Eskom
 - East Coast
 - West Coast
 - Central
 - Northern
 - International
- 100km wide- enables consideration of routing alternatives











Environmental Constraints Map

- Impact of EGI on the Environment
- A strategic level, GIS map that spatially represents the location and level of constraints associated with environmental features within the corridors
- Features considered can be separated into three categories:
 - The biophysical impact on the natural environment
 - Protected areas
 - Birds
 - Natural forest
 - The impact on the cultural or heritage significance of certain areas
 - World Heritage sites
 - National Heritage sites
 - Land use- areas zoned for land uses of strategic or national importance
 - SKA
 - Airports









Environmental Constraint Categories

Features categorised according to four levels of sensitivity as follows:

Impact on EGI on Environment: Constraints Categorisation					
Level of Constraint	Description				
'No- Go'	The area is rated as extremely sensitive to the negative impact of development. As a result the area will either have very high conservation value, very high existing/potential socio-ecocomic value or hold legal protection status.				
High	The area is rated as being of high sensitivity to the negative impact of development. As a result the area will either have high conservation value and or existing/potential socio-economic value.				
Medium	The area is rated as being of medium sensitivity to the negative impact of development. As a result the area will either have mediums levels of conservation value and or medium levels of existing/potential socioeconomic value.				
Low	Area is considered to have low levels of sensitivity in the context of electricity grid infrastructure development.				









Engineering Constraints Map

- Impact of Environment on EGI
- Identifies engineering constraints which are likely to impact on the life-time cost (both construction and maintenance) for the development of EGI in certain areas within the corridor
- Informative layer for Eskom only
- Eskom line engineering team provided inputs into cost assumptions and classifications
- Cost impact of each constraint feature compared against a baseline cost scenario
- <u>Baseline cost scenario</u>: Lifetime cost associated with the construction and maintenance of 1km of 400kV line over a 20 year period assuming optimal environmental conditions for construction and maintenance.
- Baseline cost scenario referred to as 'BLC index'
- Each constraint feature was introduced to the above scenario to determine impact on 'BLC index'









Engineering Constraint Categories

Features categorised according to four levels of sensitivity as follows:

Impact of Environment on EGI: Constraints Categorisation					
Level of Constraint	Description				
'No-Go'	The lifetime cost associated with development in this area is >3 times BLC index.				
High	The lifetime cost associated with development in this area is between 2 and 3 times the BLC index.				
Medium	The lifetime cost associated with development in this area is between 1.5 and 2 times the BLC index.				
Low	The lifetime costs associated with development in this area is < 1.5 times the BLC index.				









Opportunities Map

- Identification of Positive features to enhance the economic and social component of the assessment
- Polarise the location of the corridors in the direction of national, regional or local economic or social development opportunities/priorities.
- Also identify key 'pull' factors for route placement within the corridors to maximise benefit and reduce negative impacts:
 - Recycling of existing transmission lines
 - Aligning to existing linear developments
 - Make use of existing servitude purchases
 - Seek out visual screening opportunities
 - Target degraded/transformed land
- Input from government (provincial and local) essential to understanding pull factors









Specialist Scoping Assessment

- Specialist studies will be undertaken- high level desktop assessments
 - Validate and adapt constraints and opportunities mapping assumptions;
 - Undertake assessments where no existing data is available e.g. visual impact
 - Contribute to site specific protocol development









Consultation Process

- Comprehensive consultation process will be undertaken throughout the duration of the project
 - Expert Reference Group meetings
 - Project Steering Committee meetings
 - Provincial Government workshops
 - Local Government workshops
 - Sector Specific meetings (BUSA, CoM, Agric SA, SAPVIA, SAWEA, farmer associations, NGOs)
- Consultation will be accomplished through workshops, focus group meetings and an online consultation process









Timeframes

- 24 month project
- Corridors identified, assessed, supporting documentation completed and legal implementation process agreed by end of 2015
- Submitted for Cabinet approval thereafter and gazetted subsequently









EGI SEA Provincial Road Show Schedule

	Meeting	Date	Location
Trip 1	Western Cape Provincial Consultation	12 May 2014	Cape Town
Trip 2	Eastern Cape Provincial Consultation	13 May 2014	King Williams Town
Trip 3	Limpopo, Gauteng, Mpumalanga Provincial Consultation	22 May 2014	Pretoria
Trip 4	Free State Provincial Consultation	27 May 2014	Bloemfontein
	Northern Cape Provincial Consultation	28 May 2014	Kimberly
	North West Provincial Consultation	29 May 2014	Mahikeng
Trip 5	KwaZulu Natal Provincial Consultation	3 June 2014	Pietermaritzburg
Trip 6	Wind and Solar SEA and EGI SEA Expert Reference Group Meeting	11, 12 June 2014	Pretoria









Thank You

Any Questions?

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